List of Articles Presented to the Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania

445—Walnut Chair
made by David Stonecipher, 1826 from a walnut tree taken from the farm on which he was born in Allegheny County.

446—Old Cradle
made by David Stonecipher, 1826 from wood taken from the farm in Allegheny County.

447—Old Clock
belonged to William Woods, 1821.

448—Old Lantern
used on the farm of David Stonecipher, 1826.

448—Old Teapot
with picture "Vale of Wyoming" belonged to Margaret Shafer Stonecipher and was brought from Hagerstown, Md. She and her husband John Stonecipher as a newly married couple, crossed the mountains on horseback early in the nineteenth century and settled in Allegheny County.

449—Old Teapot
brought from Belfast, Ireland by Eliza Maloney when she emigrated to this country in 1840, making the two months trip in a sailing vessel and settling in Pittsburgh.

450—Old Chairs
one rocker and two straight chairs belonged to Samuel and Elizabeth Fife Woods, Allegheny County, 1796.

451—Spinning Wheel
having been in the Woods family since 1750.

452—Chest of Drawers
belonged to Elizabeth Cochran Means of Allegheny County, 1750.

453—Old Grandfather's Clock
belonged to Mary Jane Moor, Allegheny County, 1751.

454—Old Slate
used by John Means of Allegheny County, 1776.

Presented by David Stonecipher.

455—Six Views of Old Fort Cass
In 1863 occurred the great "scare" in this county. June 1863, raids of the Confederate forces were made and scouts came as far inland as Mount Union, on the Juniata. Some troops even penetrated as far as McConnellsburg in Fulton County, and small bodies of soldiers were as near to us as Morgan-town on the upper Monongahela. Before all this happened, however, the authorities at Washington became infected with the "scare." On Sunday evening, June 14, 1863, dispatches were received by Maj. General Brooks, then commanding the department of the Monongahela, from Secretary Stanton and Maj. Gen. Halleck, stating that the city was in danger from the Confederate forces and advising that this city be put at once into a state of defense. A meeting was at once called of the prominent citizens by General Brooks, for consultation. It being Sunday evening, most of the citizens were at church, but messengers routed them out in a hurry. The meeting lasted till midnight. It was determined that workshops should all be closed, and the men be employed in throwing up earthworks around the city under the superintendence of govern-
ment engineers. This course was pursued, and the work lasted two weeks.
The intrenchments extended from Saw Mill run, on the south side, along the top of Coal hill to a point opposite Four Mile run; thence across the country from the Monongahela to the Allegheny, and on the Allegheny side, along the Ohio river. Parts of these works are still discernible, as in the case of Fort Cass on the Northside Allegheny.

Presented by
W. C. Stoehr,
who photographed these sites.
Emma D. Poole, Librarian.